

3. Balloon Festival Question

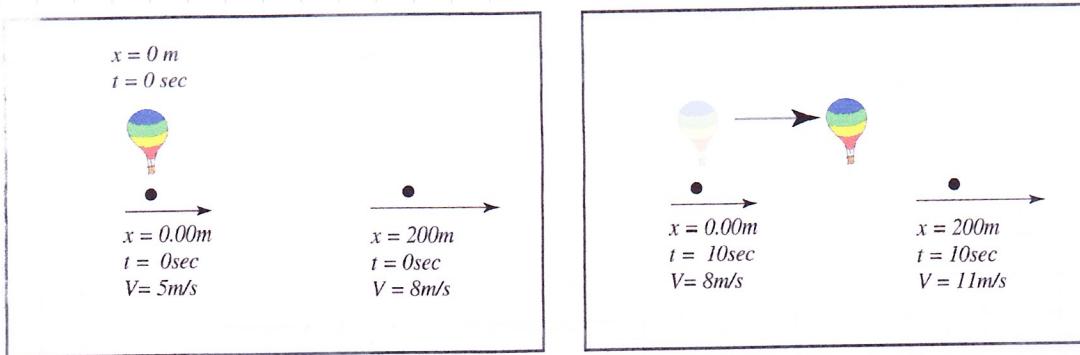


Figure 3: The balloon in a velocity field.

- a) Write an expression for the velocity field at any point x (between the two velocity sensors in the fluid at any time t).

Given: Velocity in x -direction only, varies linearly in space and linearly in time. The boundary conditions are specified in Figure 3. Technically this is an over-specified problem, but the B.C.'s do not lead to a contradiction.

$$\vec{v} = C_1 x \hat{x} + C_2 t \hat{x} + C_3 \hat{x} \quad C_1, C_2, C_3 \text{ are constants}$$

$$\vec{v}(x, t) = (C_1 x + C_2 t + C_3) \hat{x}$$

$$\vec{v}(0, 0) = 5 \text{ m/s} \hat{x} = C_3 \hat{x} \Rightarrow C_3 = 5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{v}(200, 0) \hat{x} = 8 \text{ m/s} \hat{x} = (C_1(200) + 5 \text{ m/s}) \hat{x} \Rightarrow C_1 = \left(\frac{3}{200}\right) \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\vec{v}(0, 10) \hat{x} = 8 \text{ m/s} \hat{x} = \left[\left(\frac{3}{200} \text{s}^{-1}\right) 0^{\circ} + C_2(10) + 5 \text{ m/s}\right] \hat{x} \Rightarrow C_2 = \left(\frac{3}{10}\right) \text{m/s}^2$$

$$\therefore \vec{v}(x, t) = \left[\left(\frac{3}{10} \text{ ms}^{-2}\right) t + \left(\frac{3}{200} \text{s}^{-1}\right) x + 5 \text{ m/s}\right] \hat{x}$$

- b) Write the expression for the local acceleration at a point x .

$$\vec{a}_{\text{local}} = \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} = \left(\frac{3}{10} \text{ ms}^{-2}\right) \hat{x}$$

- c) What is the expression for the convective acceleration at a point x .

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a}_{\text{convective}} &= \vec{v} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \vec{v} = \left(v \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}\right) \hat{x} = \left[\left(\frac{3}{10} \text{ ms}^{-2}\right) t + \left(\frac{3}{200} \text{s}^{-1}\right) x + 5 \text{ m/s}\right] \left(\frac{3}{200} \text{s}^{-1}\right) \hat{x} \\ &= \left[\left(\frac{9}{2000} \text{ ms}^{-3}\right) t + \left(\frac{9}{40,000} \text{s}^{-2}\right) x + \left(\frac{15}{200} \text{ ms}^{-2}\right)\right] \hat{x} \end{aligned}$$

d) What is the expression for the total derivative (as a function of x and t) of the velocity (total acceleration)?

$$\vec{\alpha}_{\text{total}} = \frac{D\vec{v}}{Dt} = \vec{\alpha}_{\text{local}} + \vec{\alpha}_{\text{convective}} = \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + \vec{v} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \vec{v}$$

$$= \left[\frac{3}{10} \text{ ms}^{-2} + \frac{15}{200} \text{ ms}^{-2} + \left(\frac{9}{2000} \text{ ms}^{-3} \right) t + \left(\frac{9}{40,000} \text{ s}^{-2} \right) x \right] \vec{x}$$

$$= \left[\frac{75}{200} \text{ ms}^{-2} + \left(\frac{9}{2000} \text{ ms}^{-3} \right) t + \left(\frac{9}{40,000} \text{ s}^{-2} \right) x \right] \vec{x}$$

e) What is the velocity and acceleration of the hot air balloon at time $t = 0$ sec. if it is located at $x = 0$ m?

$$\vec{v}(x, t) = \left[\left(\frac{3}{10} \text{ ms}^{-2} \right) t + \left(\frac{3}{200} \text{ s}^{-1} \right) x + 5 \text{ ms}^{-1} \right] \vec{x}$$

$$= \left[\left(\frac{3}{10} \text{ ms}^{-2} \right) 0 \text{ s} + \left(\frac{3}{200} \text{ s}^{-1} \right) 0 \text{ m} + 5 \text{ ms}^{-1} \right] \vec{x}$$

$$= 5 \text{ ms}^{-1} \vec{x} \quad \text{assume balloon moves at the same speed as the wind.}$$

$$\vec{\alpha}(x, t) = \left[\left(\frac{9}{2000} \text{ ms}^{-3} \right) t + \left(\frac{9}{40,000} \text{ s}^{-1} \right) x + \left(\frac{15}{200} \text{ ms}^{-2} \right) \right] \vec{x}$$

$$= \left[\left(\frac{9}{2000} \text{ ms}^{-3} \right) 0 \text{ s} + \left(\frac{9}{40,000} \text{ s}^{-1} \right) 0 \text{ m} + \frac{15}{200} \text{ ms}^{-2} \right] \vec{x}$$

$$= \left(\frac{15}{200} \text{ ms}^{-2} \right) \vec{x}$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{40} \text{ ms}^{-2} \right) \vec{x}$$